

# ecotect analysis

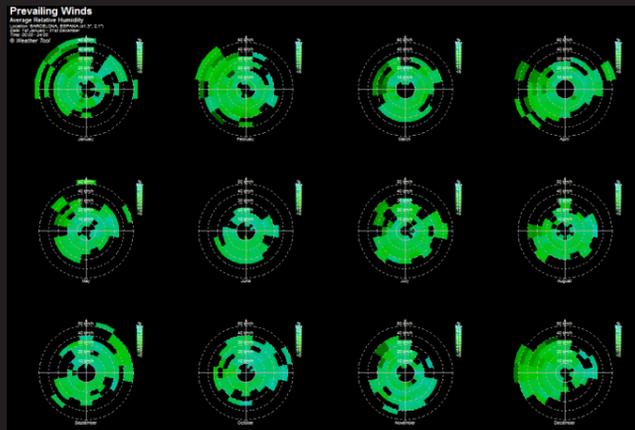
tutor: spyros stavoravdis



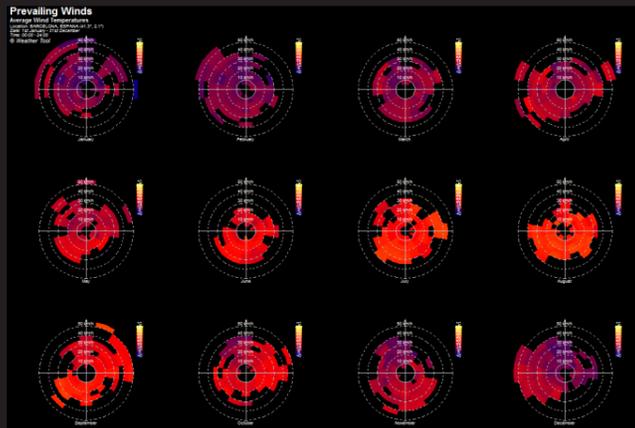
This Ecotect study is related to the studio of Barcelona Smart Public Spaces, my focus is to study the climatic responsiveness, as my site is a touristic attraction so its very important to see when is the space for shaded and also check what is the best orientation of a structure for to be most shaded and ventilated. I am using Ecotect as a tool for the same.

# ecotect analysis

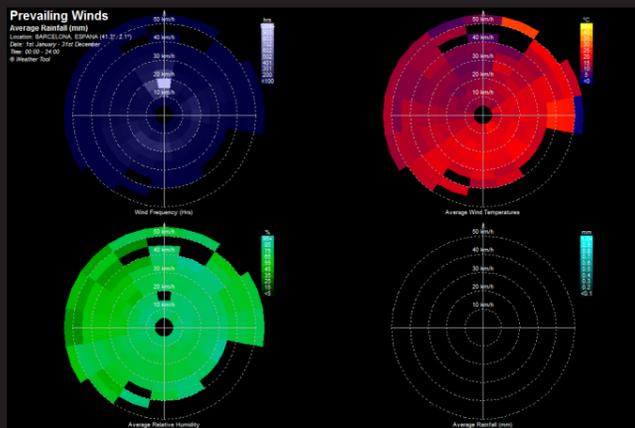
## climate analysis



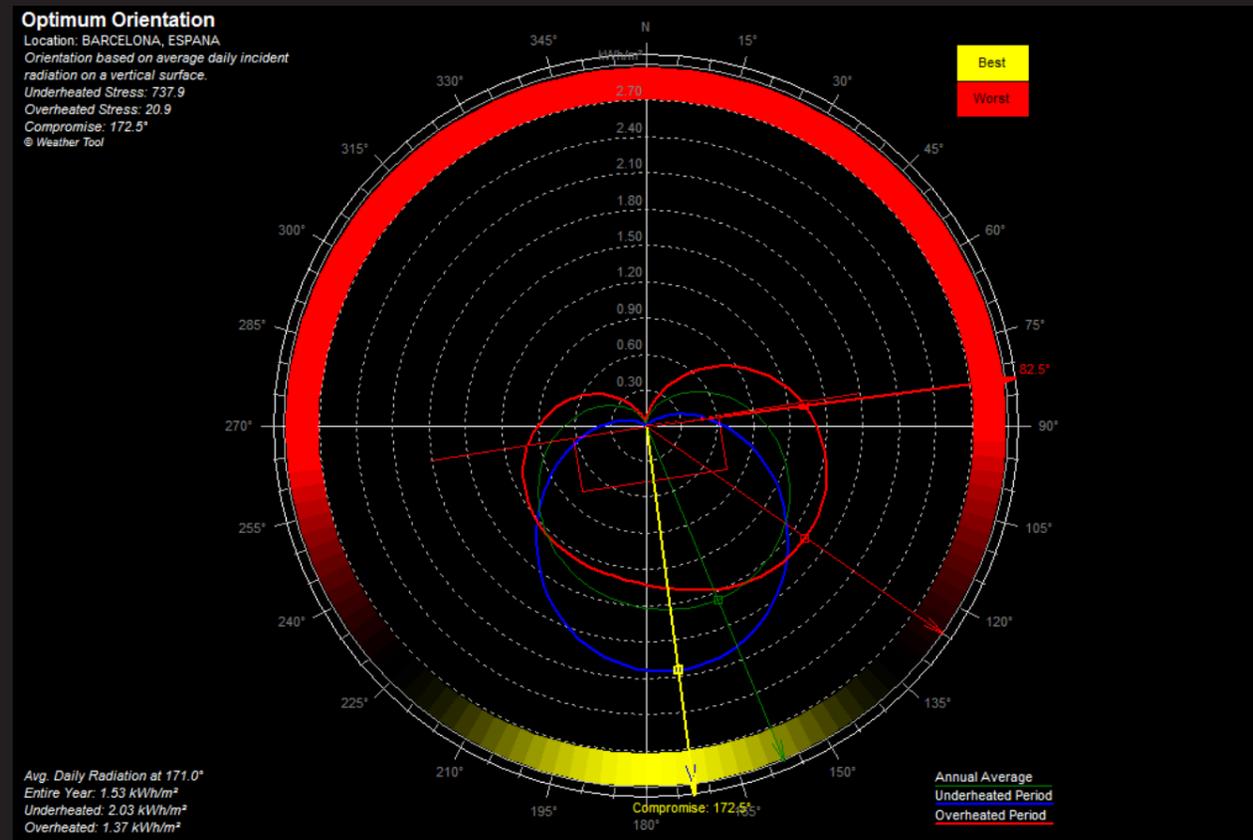
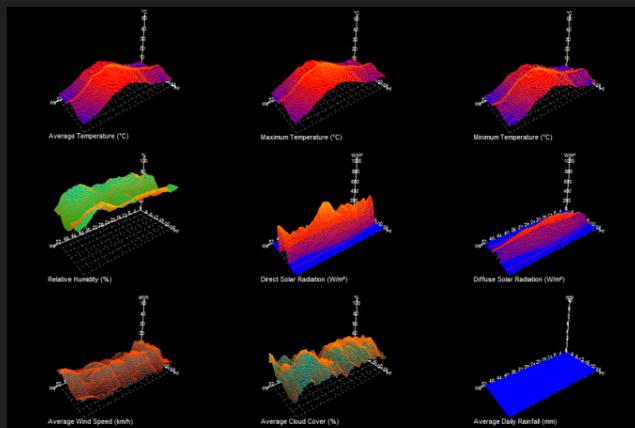
avg. relative humidity



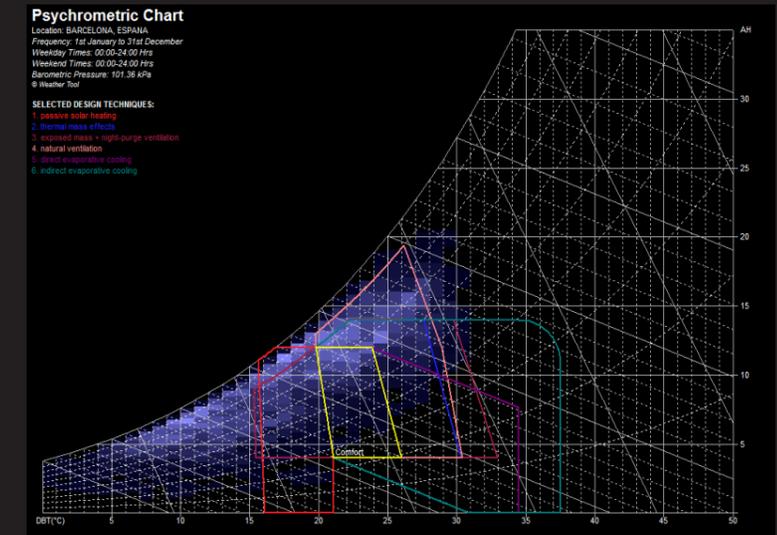
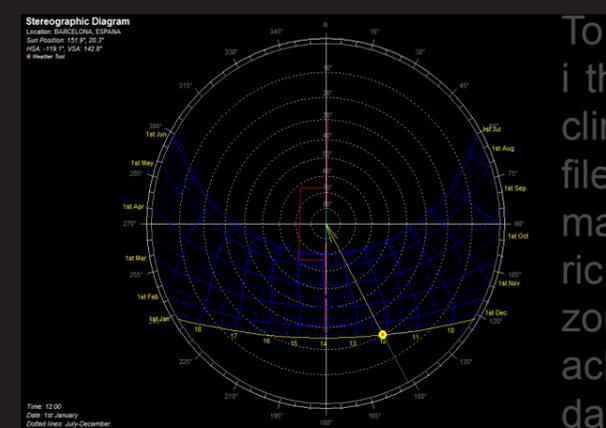
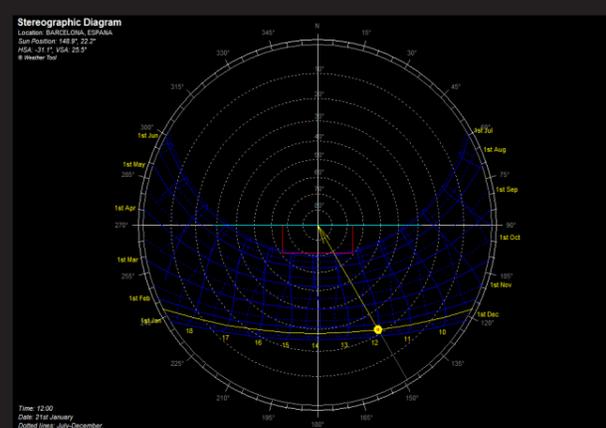
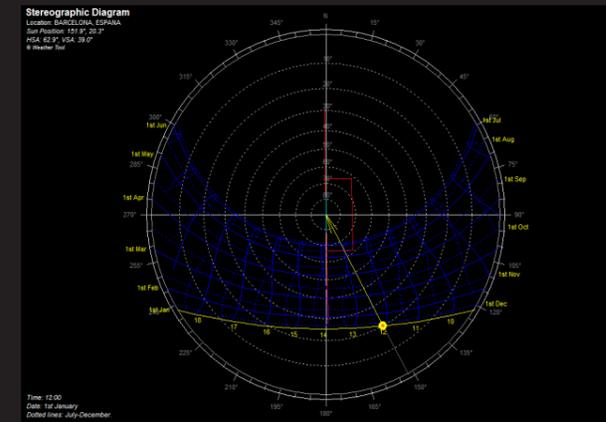
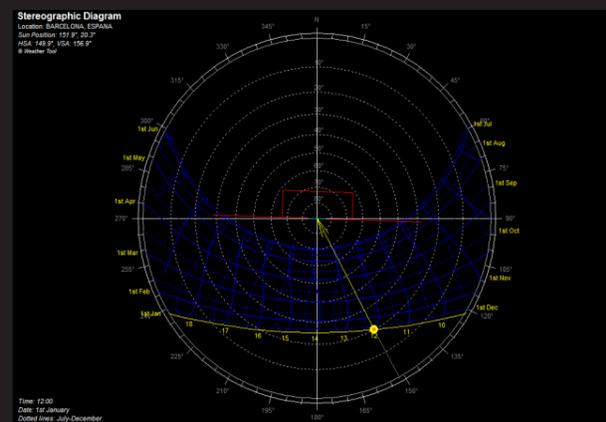
avg. wind temperatures



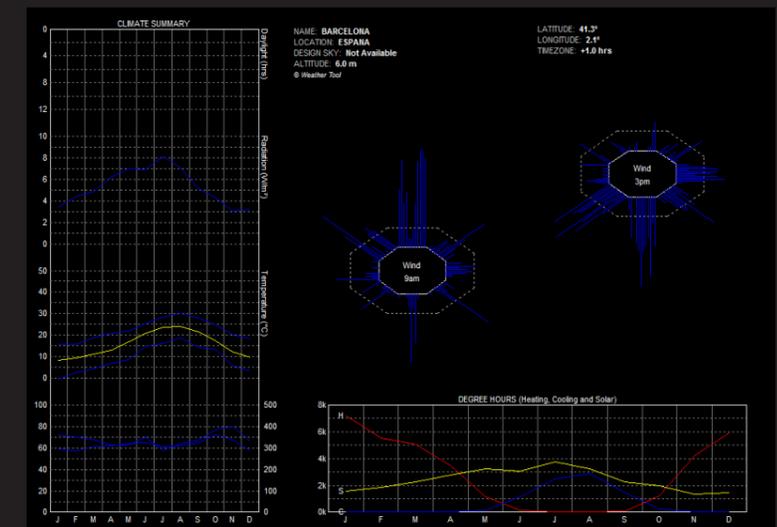
avg. rainfall (mm)



best orientation



psychrometric chart



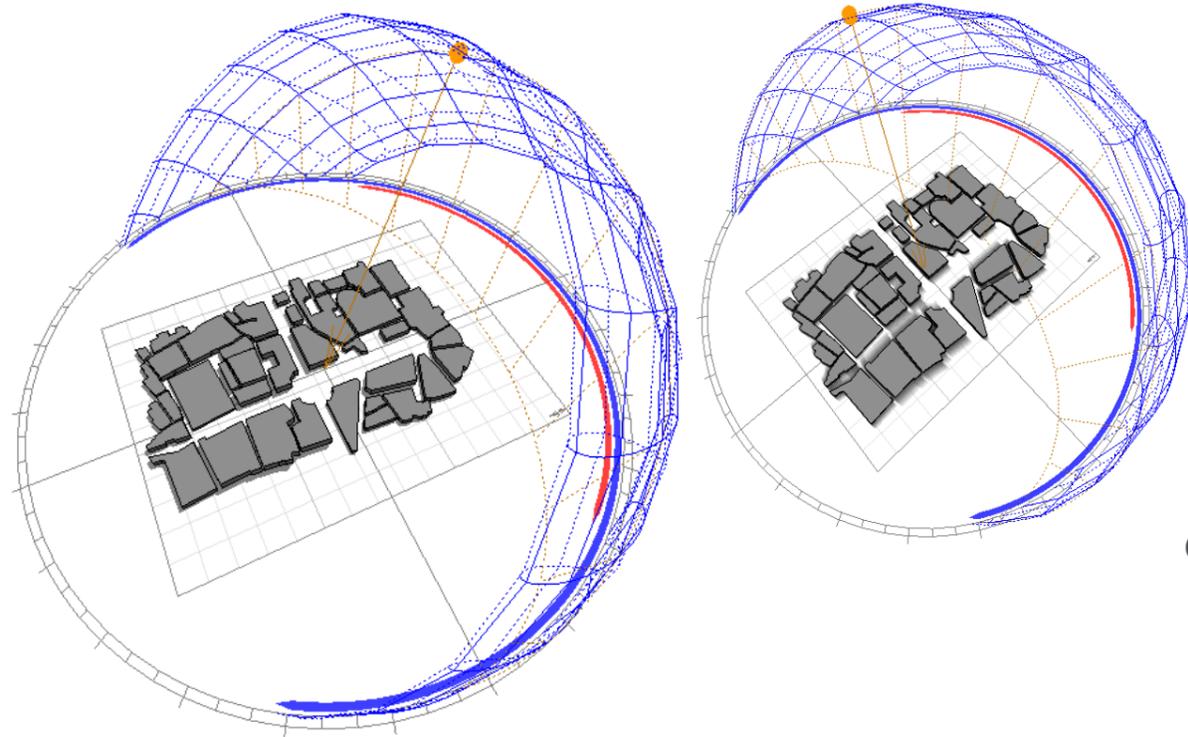
overall climatic study

To start off with the analysis of the project i thought it will be appropriate to start with the climate study of Barcelona. So from the .epw file of barcelona containing information of its climate; through weather tool from Psychrometric Chart I learned the specific times of comfort zone and from the solar position i could also achieve the best orientation based on avg. daily incident radiation on a vertical surface

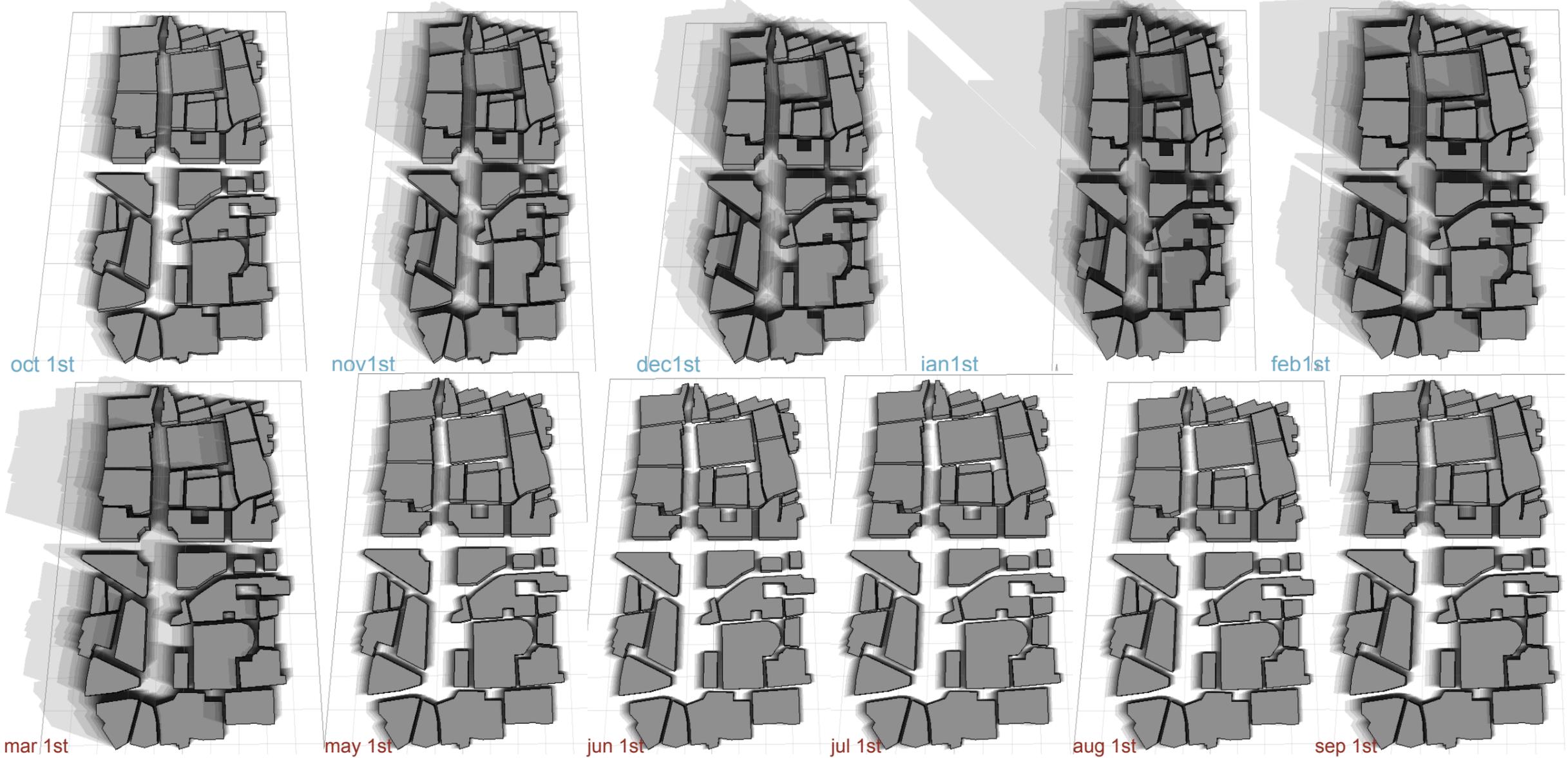
# ecotect analysis

## annual shadow analysis

annual sun path showing sun  
on 1st april at 12:30pm



The study here done is to reduce the amount of shading on an exterior surfaces of the buildings by the surroundings. This helps in taking measures related to passive heating and cooling effect of the space.



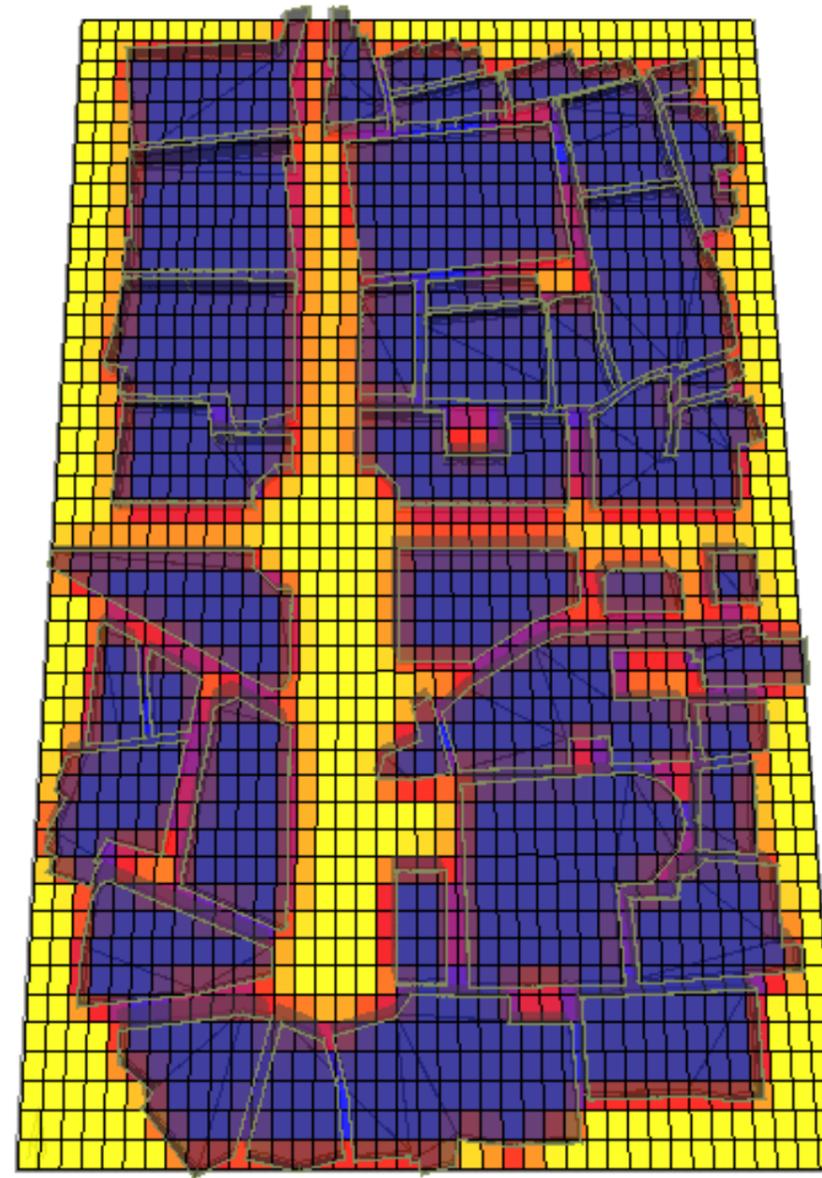
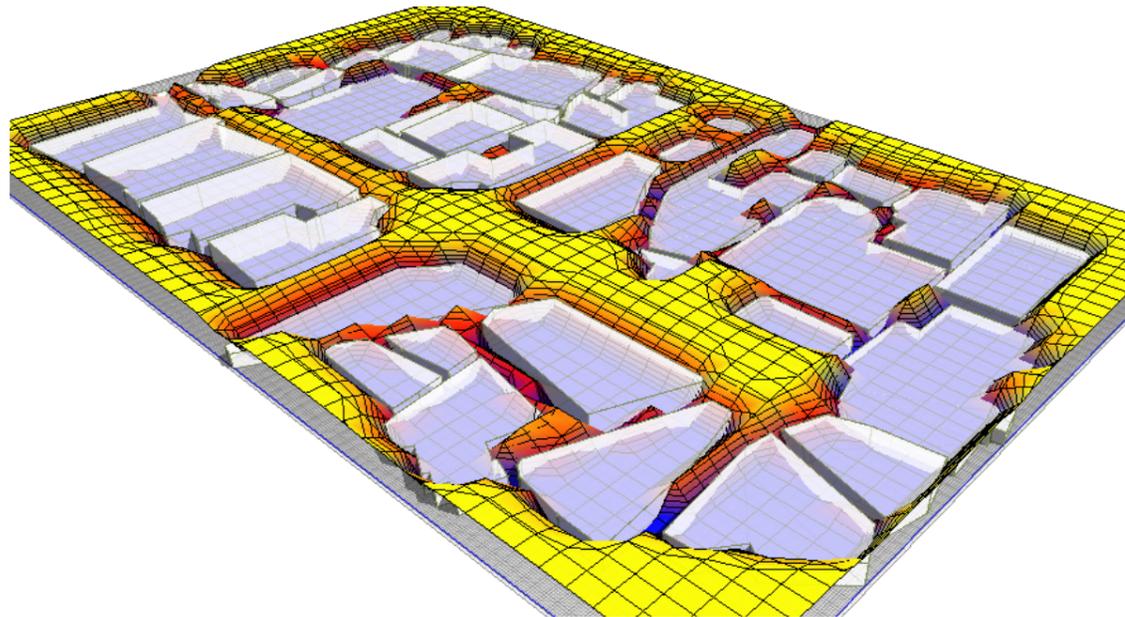
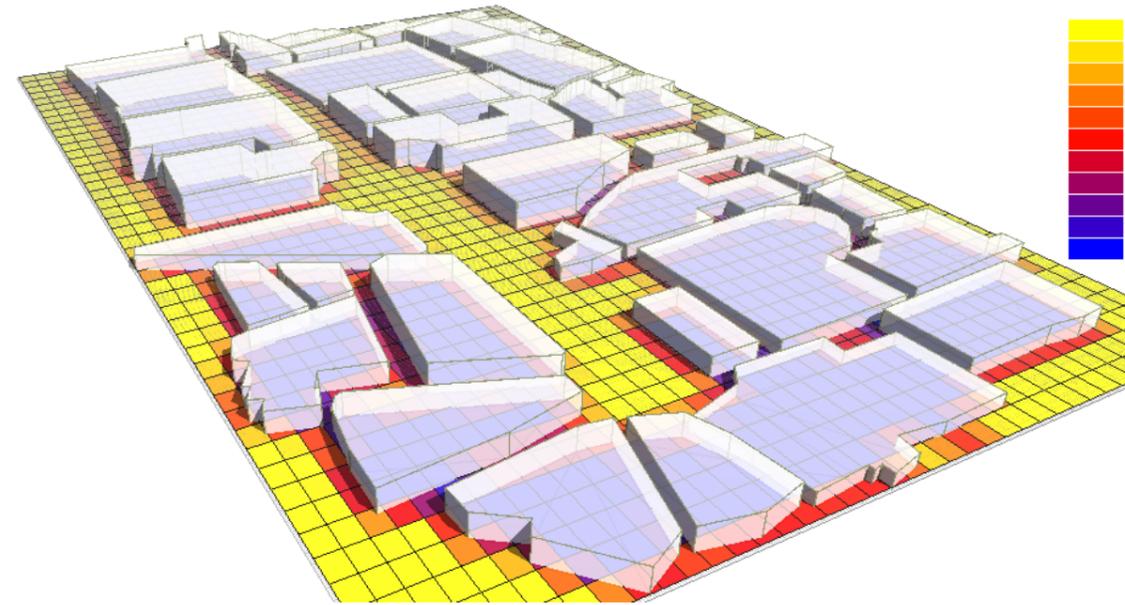
shadow analysis  
in cold months

shadow analysis  
in hot months

yogesh karekar

# ecotect analysis

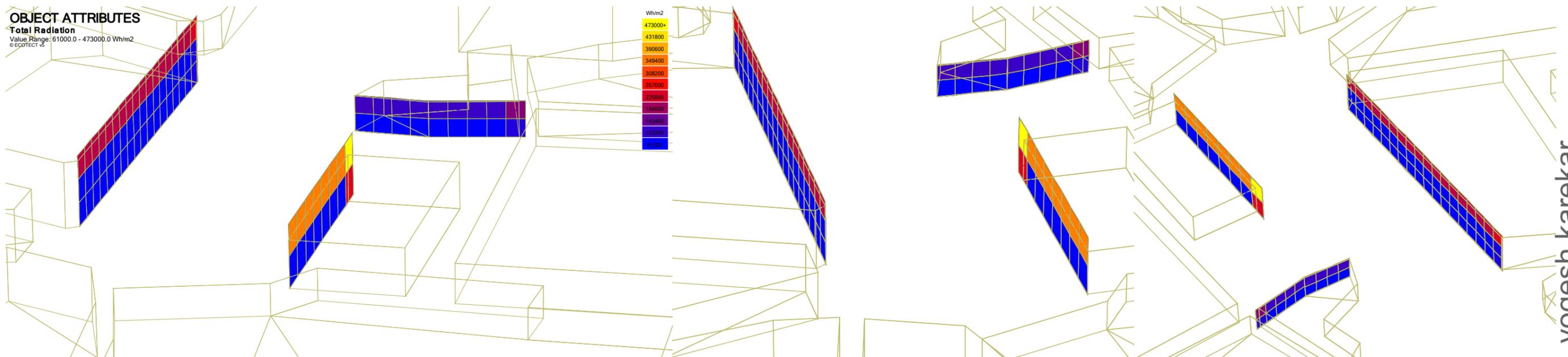
## solar analysis



The solar radiation is more in the bigger open space as compared to the smaller. This can be easily read from the variation of colours, also the space between adjacent buildings dont receive sufficient amount of sunlight.

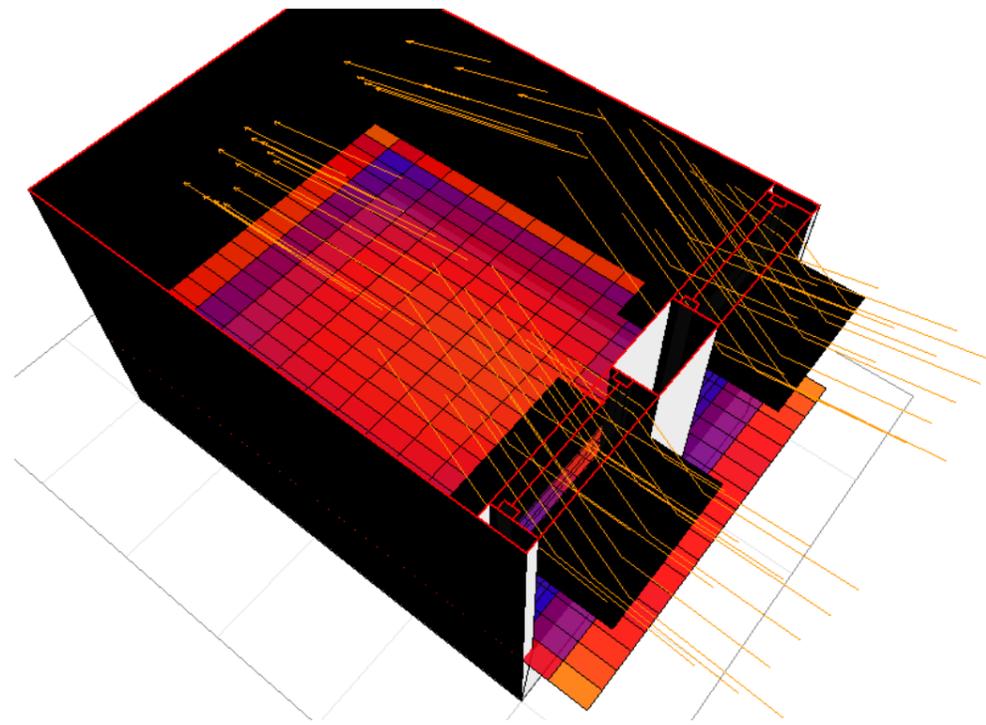
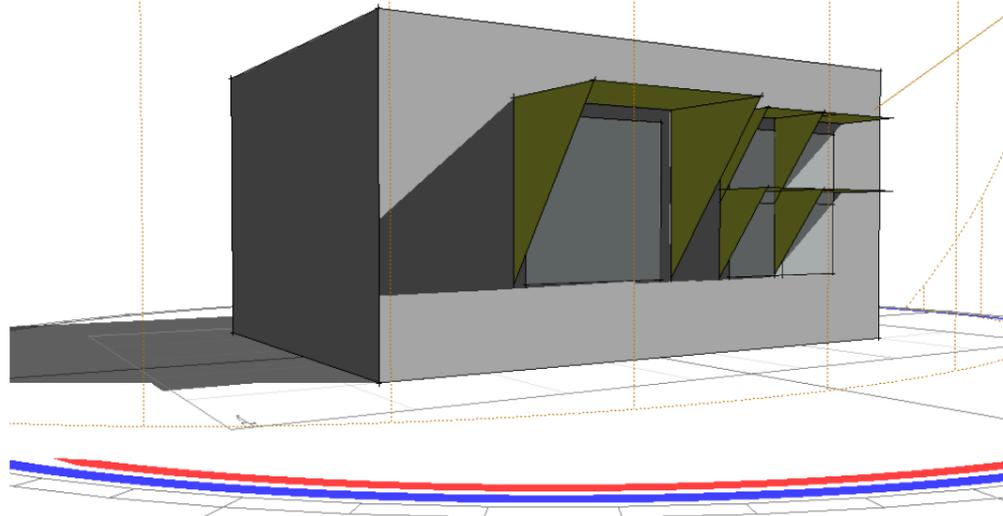
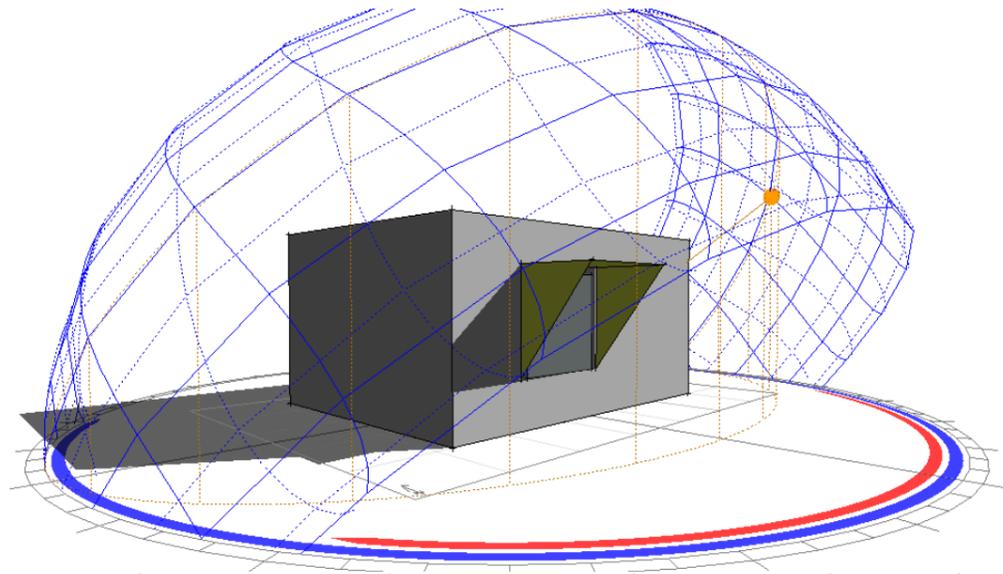
The three facades are all overlooking open space but due to the shading we can see that they are not getting enough direct sunlight , as it is mostly blue but one surface is yellow as it is not shaded thus get good direct sunlight.

**OBJECT ATTRIBUTES**  
Total Radiation  
Value Range: 61000.0 - 473000.0 Wh/m2  
© EcotECT v8

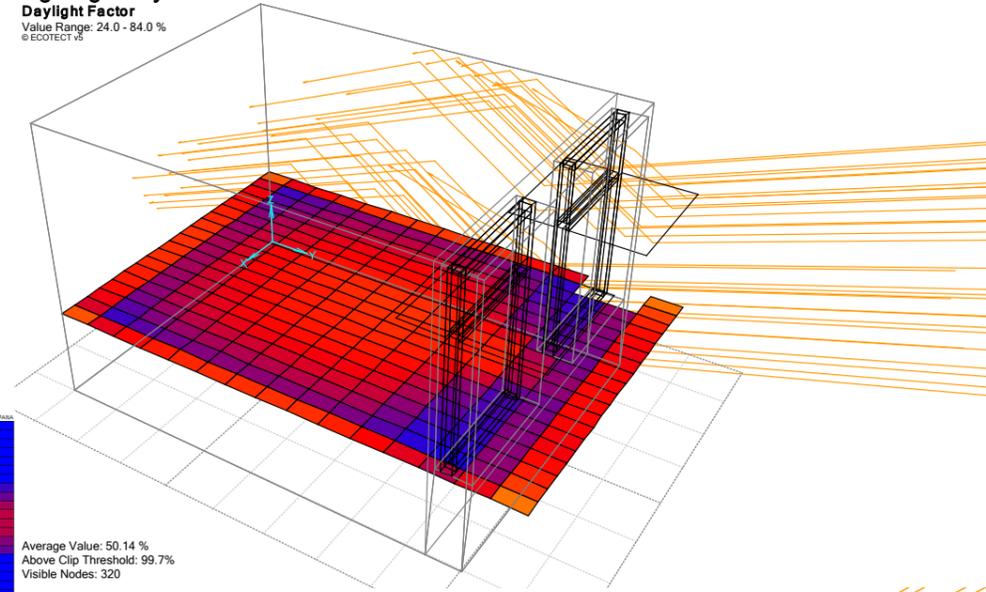


# ecotect analysis

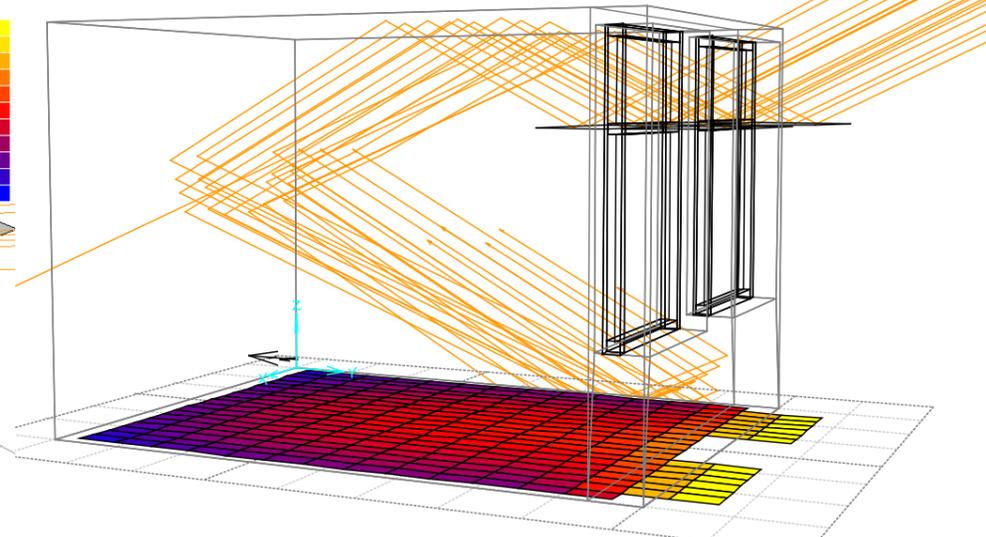
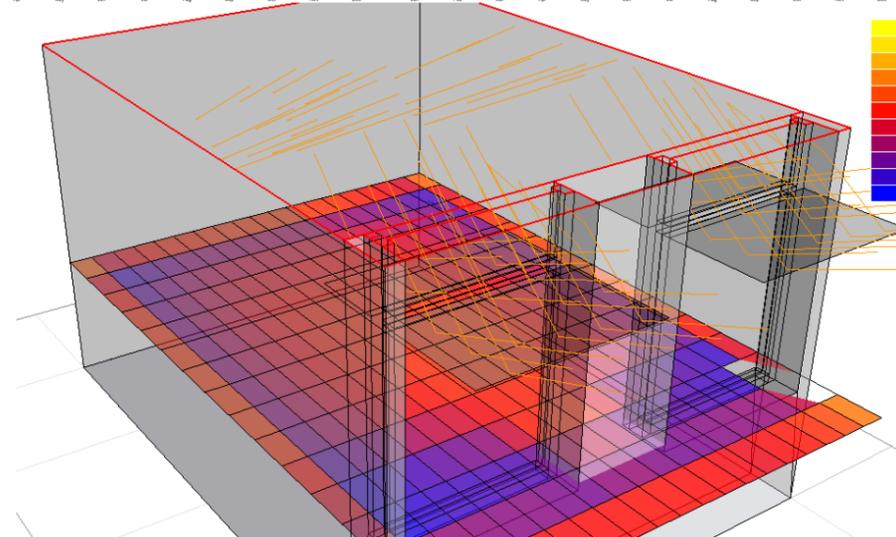
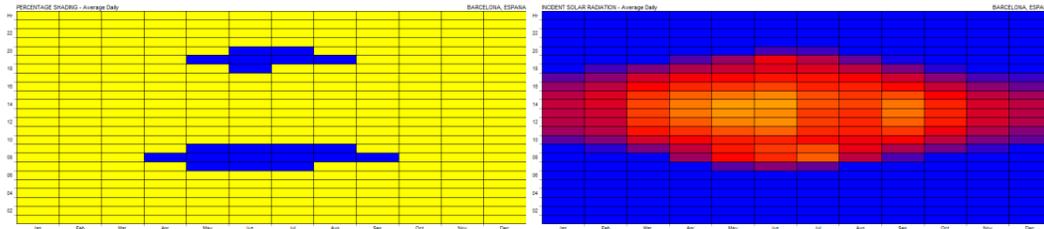
## solar rays for a room



Lighting Analysis  
Daylight Factor  
Value Range: 24.0 - 84.0 %  
© ECOTECT



Average Value: 50.14 %  
Above Clip Threshold: 99.7%  
Visible Nodes: 320



This was the study for calculating the solar radiation for the room. I designed a stand alone room on the same site with some windows on the north side. In the first half I tried to study the shading through the windows, then put the best shading device given by ecotect. There are two option in first we can see one whole window with the shading and then when the window was divided into four parts how it gave the solution.

The last one was to design the light shelf to get more sufficient light I designed a horizontal louvre in the windows which acts as reflector for the room which helps the room get lit well as you can see the sun rays reflecting on the surface bouncing on the ceiling and reaches the end of the room.